SENATE BILL NO. 235–COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES AND FACILITIES

(ON BEHALF OF THE LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE ON HEALTH CARE (NRS 439B.200))

MARCH 4, 2003

Referred to Committee on Human Resources and Facilities

- SUMMARY—Revises provisions governing payment of hospitals for treating disproportionate share of Medicaid patients, indigent patients or other low-income patients. (BDR 38-746)
- FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to welfare; revising the provisions governing the payment of hospitals for treating a disproportionate share of Medicaid patients, indigent patients or other lowincome patients; providing for the allocation and transfer of certain funding for the treatment of those patients; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- Section 1. NRS 422.380 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 422.380 As used in NRS 422.380 to 422.390, inclusive, unless
 the context otherwise requires:
- 4 1. "Disproportionate share payment" means a payment made 5 pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1396r-4.
- 6 2. "Hospital" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 439B.1107 and includes public and private hospitals.
- 8 [2.] 3. "Public hospital" means:
- 9 (a) A hospital owned by a state or local government, including, 10 without limitation, a hospital district; or



provided to Medicaid patients, indigent patients or other low-income 3 4 patients. Sec. 2. NRS 422.382 is hereby amended to read as follows: 5 422.382 1. In a county *whose population is 100,000 or more* 6 7 within which: 8 (a) A public hospital is located, the state or local government or 9 other entity responsible for the public hospital shall transfer an 10 amount equal to [75]: (1) Seventy percent of the total amount of disproportionate 11 *share payments* distributed to [that hospital] all hospitals pursuant 12 to NRS 422.387 for a fiscal year, less [\$75,000,] \$1,050,000; or 13 14 (2) The total amount of disproportionate share payments distributed to all hospitals pursuant to NRS 422.387 for a fiscal 15 16 year, less \$24,000,000, whichever is less, to the Division of Health Care Financing and 17 Policy. 18 19 (b) A private hospital which receives a *disproportionate share* 20 payment pursuant to [+ (1) Paragraph (b) of subsection 2 of NRS 21 22 422.387 is located, the county shall transfer [+ (I) Except as otherwise provided in sub-subparagraph (II), 23 24 an amount equal to 75 percent of the total amount distributed to that hospital pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 2 of NRS 422.387 25 for a fiscal year: or 26 (II) An amount established by the Legislature for a fiscal 27 28 year, \$1,500,000 to the Division of Health Care Financing and 29 Policy. [(2) Paragraph (c) of subsection 2 of NRS 422.387 is located. 30 31 the county shall transfer: (I) An amount equal to 75 percent of the total amount 32 distributed to that hospital pursuant to that paragraph for a fiscal 33 year, less \$75,000; or 34 (II) Any maximum amount established by the Legislature 35 for a fiscal year, 36 whichever is less, to the Division of Health Care Financing and 37 Policy.] 38 39 2. A county that transfers the amount required pursuant to [subparagraph (1) of] paragraph (b) of subsection 1 to the Division

Figure 1 (1) of paragraph (1) of paragraph (b) of subsection 1 to the Division of Health Care Financing and Policy is discharged of the duty and is released from liability for providing medical treatment for indigent inpatients who are treated in the hospital in the county that receives a payment pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 2 of NRS 422.387.



(b) A hospital that is supported in whole or in part by tax

revenue, other than tax revenue received for medical care which is

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3. The money transferred to the Division of Health Care 1 2 Financing and Policy pursuant to subsection 1 must not come from any source of funding that could result in any reduction in revenue 3 to the State pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1396b(w). 4

5 4. Any money collected pursuant to subsection 1, including any interest or penalties imposed for a delinquent payment, must be 6 7 deposited in the State Treasury for credit to the Intergovernmental 8 Transfer Account in the State General Fund to be administered by 9 the Division of Health Care Financing and Policy.

10 5. The interest and income earned on money in the Intergovernmental Transfer Account, after deducting any applicable 11 charges, must be credited to the Account. 12

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Sec. 3. NRS 422.385 is hereby amended to read as follows: 422.385 1. The allocations and payments required pursuant 14 to subsections 1 [and 2] to 4, inclusive, of NRS 422.387 must be 15 made, to the extent allowed by the State Plan for Medicaid, from the 16 Medicaid Budget Account. 17

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 and subsection 18 19 5 of NRS 422.387, the money in the Intergovernmental Transfer Account must be transferred from that Account to the Medicaid 20 21 Budget Account to the extent that money is available from the 22 Federal Government for proposed expenditures, including expenditures for administrative costs. If the amount in the Account 23 24 exceeds the amount authorized for expenditure by the Division of 25 Health Care Financing and Policy for the purposes specified in NRS 422.387, the Division of Health Care Financing and Policy is 26 27 authorized to expend the additional revenue in accordance with the 28 provisions of the State Plan for Medicaid.

29 3. If enough money is available to support Medicaid and to 30 make the payments required by subsection [3] 5 of NRS 422.387, 31 money in the Intergovernmental Transfer Account may be 32 transferred:

33 (a) To an account established for the provision of health care services to uninsured children pursuant to a federal program in 34 35 which at least 50 percent of the cost of such services is paid for by the Federal Government, including, without limitation, the 36 37 Children's Health Insurance Program; or

(b) To carry out the provisions of NRS 439B.350 and 439B.360. **Sec. 4.** NRS 422.387 is hereby amended to read as follows:

40 422.387 1. Before making the payments required or 41 authorized by this section, the Division of Health Care Financing 42 and Policy shall allocate money for the administrative costs 43 necessary to carry out the provisions of NRS 422.380 to 422.390, 44 inclusive. The amount allocated for administrative costs must not 45 exceed the amount authorized for expenditure by the Legislature for



adjust the amount allowed for administrative costs. 2 2. The State Plan for Medicaid must provide + 3 4 (a) For] for the payment of the maximum amount of 5 *disproportionate share payments* allowable under federal law and regulations. [after making any payments pursuant to paragraphs (b) 6 and (c), to public hospitals for treating a disproportionate share of 7 Medicaid patients, indigent patients or other low-income patients, 8 9 unless such payments are subsequently limited by federal law or 10 regulation. 11 (b) For a payment in an amount approved by the Legislature to the private hospital that provides the largest volume of medical care 12 13 to Medicaid patients, indigent patients or other low-income patients 14 in a county that does not have a public hospital. 15 (c) For a payment to each private hospital whose Medicaid utilization percentage is greater than the average for all the hospitals 16 in this state and which is located in a county that has a public 17 18 hospital, in an amount equal to: 19 (1) If the Medicaid utilization percentage of the hospital is greater than 20 percent, \$200 for each uncompensated day incurred 20 21 by the hospital; and 22 (2) If the Medicaid utilization percentage of the hospital is 20 23 percent or less, \$100 for each uncompensated day incurred by the 24 hospital.] The State Plan for Medicaid must provide that for: 25 (a) All public hospitals in counties whose population is 400,000 or more, the total annual disproportionate share payments 26 27 are \$66,650,000 plus 90 percent of the total amount of 28 disproportionate share payments distributed by the State in that fiscal year that exceeds \$76,000,000; 29 30 (b) All private hospitals in counties whose population is 31 400,000 or more, the total annual disproportionate share payments are \$1,200,000 plus 2.5 percent of the total amount of 32 33 disproportionate share payments distributed by the State in that fiscal year that exceeds \$76,000,000; 34 35 (c) All private hospitals in counties whose population is 100,000 or more but less than 400,000, the total annual 36 disproportionate share payments are \$4,800,000 plus 2.5 percent 37 of the total amount of disproportionate share payments distributed 38 39 by the State in that fiscal year that exceeds \$76,000,000; 40 (d) All public hospitals in counties whose population is less 41 than 100,000, the total annual disproportionate share payments 42 are \$900,000 plus 2.5 percent of the total amount of 43 disproportionate share payments distributed by the State in that 44 fiscal year that exceeds \$76,000,000; and



this purpose in a fiscal year. The Interim Finance Committee may

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1 (e) All private hospitals in counties whose population is less 2 than 100,000, the total annual disproportionate share payments 3 are \$2,450,000 plus 2.5 percent of the total amount of 4 disproportionate share payments distributed by the State in that 5 fiscal year that exceeds \$76,000,000.

3. The State Plan for Medicaid must provide for a base 6 7 payment in an amount approved by the Legislature for each 8 hospital described in subsection 2. Any amount set forth in each paragraph of subsection 2 that remains after all base payments 9 have been distributed must be distributed to the hospital within 10 that paragraph with the highest uncompensated care percentage 11 12 in an amount equal to either the amount remaining after all base 13 payments have been distributed or the amount necessary to reduce 14 the uncompensated care percentage of that hospital to the 15 uncompensated care percentage of the hospital in that paragraph with the second highest uncompensated care percentage, 16 whichever is less. Any amount set forth in subsection 2 that 17 remains after the uncompensated care percentage of the hospital 18 19 with the highest uncompensated care percentage in a paragraph 20 has been reduced to equal the uncompensated care percentage of 21 the hospital in that paragraph with the second highest uncompensated care percentage must be distributed equally to the 22 two hospitals with the highest uncompensated care percentage in 23 24 that paragraph until their uncompensated care percentages are 25 equal to the uncompensated care percentage of the hospital with the third highest uncompensated care percentage in that 26 27 paragraph. This process must be repeated until all available funds 28 set forth in a paragraph of subsection 2 have been distributed.

29 4. The Plan must be consistent with the provisions of NRS 30 422.380 to 422.390, inclusive, and Title XIX of the Social Security 31 Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1396 et seq., and the regulations adopted pursuant to those provisions. If the total amount available to the State for 32 33 making disproportionate share payments is less than \$76,000,000, 34 the Administrator: 35 (a) May adjust the amounts set forth in subsection 2 36 proportionally in accordance with the limits of federal law; and

(b) Shall adopt a regulation specifying the amount of the
 reductions required by paragraph (a).

39 [3.] 5. To the extent that money is available in the 40 Intergovernmental Transfer Account, the Division of Health Care 41 Financing and Policy shall distribute \$50,000 from that Account 42 each fiscal year to each public hospital which:

43 (a) Is located in a county that does not have any other hospitals;44 and

45 (b) Is not eligible for a payment pursuant to [subsection 2.



1 **4.]** subsections 2 and 3.

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6. As used in this section:

3 (a) ["Medicaid utilization percentage" means the total number of 4 days of treatment of Medicaid patients, including patients who

5 receive their Medicaid benefits through a health maintenance

6 organization, divided by the total number of days of treatment of all

7 patients during a fiscal year.

6 (b) "Uncompensated day" means a day in which medical care is
 9 provided to an inpatient for which a hospital receives:

10 (1) Not more than 25 percent of the cost of providing that 11 care from the patient; and

12 (2) No compensation for the cost of providing that care from

13 any other person or any governmental program.] "Total revenue" is 14 the amount of revenue a hospital receives for patient care and

15 other services, net of any contractual allowances or bad debts.

16 (b) "Uncompensated care costs" means the total costs of a 17 hospital incurred in providing care to uninsured patients, 18 including, without limitation, patients covered by Medicaid or 19 another governmental program for indigent patients, less any 20 payments received by the hospital for that care.

21 (c) "Uncompensated care percentage" means the 22 uncompensated care costs of a hospital divided by the total 23 revenue for the hospital.

Sec. 5. NRS 422.390 is hereby amended to read as follows:

422.390 1. The Division of Health Care Financing and Policy
 shall adopt regulations concerning:

(a) Procedures for the transfer to the Division of Health Care
Financing and Policy of the amount required pursuant to
NRS 422.382.

30 (b) Provisions for the payment of a penalty and interest for a 31 delinquent transfer.

32 (c) Provisions for the payment of interest by the Division of 33 Health Care Financing and Policy for late reimbursements to 34 hospitals or other providers of medical care.

35 (d) Provisions for the calculation of the uncompensated care 36 percentage for hospitals, including, without limitation, the 37 procedures and methodology required to be used in calculating the 38 percentage, and any required documentation of and reporting by a 39 hospital relating to the calculation.

2. The Division of Health Care Financing and Policy shall
report to the Interim Finance Committee quarterly concerning the
provisions of NRS 422.380 to 422.390, inclusive.

43 **Sec. 6.** 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, for 44 the fiscal year 2003-2004 and the fiscal year 2004-2005, the base 45 payments for the purposes of subsection 3 of NRS 422.387 are:



1 (a) For the University Medical Center of Southern Nevada, 2 \$66,531,729;

3 (b) For Washoe Medical Center, \$4,800,000;

4 (c) For Carson-Tahoe Hospital, \$1,000,000;

5 (d) For Northeastern Nevada Regional Hospital, \$500,000;

6 (e) For Churchill Community Hospital, \$500,000;

7 (f) For Humboldt General Hospital, \$215,109;

(g) For William Bee Ririe Hospital, \$204,001;

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9 (h) For Mt. Grant General Hospital, \$195,838;

10 (i) For South Lyon Medical Center, \$174,417; and

11 (j) For Nye Regional Medical Center, \$115,000.

12 2. If federal law changes the amounts payable pursuant to 13 subsection 2 of NRS 422.387:

(a) The respective amounts required to be allocated and
transferred pursuant to subsection 1 must be reduced proportionally
in accordance with the limits of federal law.

(b) The Administrator of the Division of Health Care Financing
and Policy of the Department of Human Resources shall adopt a
regulation specifying the amount of the reductions required by
paragraph (a).

21 Sec. 7. This act becomes effective upon passage and approval 22 for the purpose of adopting any regulations necessary to carry out 23 the provisions of this act and on July 1, 2003, for all other purposes.

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